VOL. II.--NO. 134.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 19, 1856.

WHOLE NO. 451.

VESPASIAN ELLIS, Editor and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AMERICAN ORGAN Is published every afternoon, (except Sunday,) at the corner of Louisiana avenue and Tenth street, and is delivered to city subscribers (payable to the car-riers) at 6½ cents per week. Single copy, 1 cent. Mail subscribers, \$4 00 per annum, or \$2 00 for six months, always in advance. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Five lines or less, one insertion, 25 cents; each ad-itional line, 5 cents.

Each additional insertion, half of the above rates.

Displayed advertisements charged solid measure.

THE WEEKLY AMERICAN ORGAN

Is published every Saturday, on the fol Terms. 1 copy, on year . \$2 00 | 1 copy, 6 months . \$1 00 5 copies, one year . 5 00 | 5 copies, 6 months . 5 00 9 copies, one year . 15 00 | 10 copies, 6 months . 8 00 Poyments always in advance.
RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Ten couts per line for each insertion.

Ten couts per line for each insertion.

All communications on business connected with this paper must be directed to the "American Organ," Washington city, and be post-paid.

All advertisements for the "Organ" should be handed into the office before twelve o'clock, M., of the day of pubh; ation.

"Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence i conjure you to believe me, fellow-citizens—the jeal-ousy of a free people ought to be constantly awake; since history and experience prove, that foreign influence is one of the most baneful foes of a republican government."—Washington.

"I hope we may find some means, in future, of shielding ourselves from foreign influence, political, commercial, or in whatever form it may be attempted I can scarcely withhold myself from joining in the wish of Silas Dean—that there were an ocean of fire between this and the old world."—Jefferson.

TO ALL THAT VALUE THEIR SIGHT.

ISHES to call the attention of all that uffer with defective sight, caused by age, sickness, and particularly from glasses injudiciously selected, to his superior Spectacles and Glasses, carefully ground by himself to a true spherical accuracy, and brilliant transparency, suited precisely and beneficially to the wearer, according to the concentry or convexity of the eye. Very numerous are the ill effects caused to the precious organs of sight from the commencement of using glasses in not being precisely suited, by the use of an optometer; and the practice of many years enables him to measure the focal disease of the eyes, and such glasses that are absolutely required will be furnished with precision and satisfaction.

J. T. acknowledges the very liberal encouragement already obtained, and further solicits the patronage of those that have not yet availed themselves of his aid.

Persons that cannot conveniently call, by sending

the glasses in use, and stating how many inches they can read this print with their spectacles, can be sup-plied with such that will improve their sight. Circulars to be had gratis, at his office, No. 512, Seventh street, three doors from Odd-Fellows' Hall,

Innumerable testimonials to be seen, and references given to many who have derived the greatest case and comfort from his glasses.

Wilmington, N. C., June 16, 1854.

To persons who have have had the sight of their cyes so impaired as to require the use of Glasses, I would recommend Mr. John Tobias as a suitable person from whom to obtain such Glasses as they may require, as he has suited me with a pair of Spectacles for a far and near sight. My sight has been impaired very much by a service of years in the Post Office Department, which berth required me to be on duty from 11 o'clock at night till after day, during which time I used but one light.

W. A. WALKER.

W. A. WALKER. BROOKLYN ORTHOPARDIC INSTITUTION,

After most careful examination of Mr. J. Tobias's After most careful examination of Mr. J. Tobias's Glasses, I am enabled to testify that their hardness, clearness, polishing, and exact optical shape, render them particularly recommendable to those whose merely optical impairment of the eyes are in want of such auxiliaries. I consider, moreover, Mr. Tobias nilly qualified to determine the focus of the eye, both by his optical knowledge and experience, and by means of his optometer. In addition, I can further state that Mr. Tobias has supplied some of my patients with Glasses, to their and my satisfaction.

LOUIS BAUER, M. D.,

Physician and Surgeon, Berlin; Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England; Member of the Med-ical Society of London, and of the Pathological So-ciety of New York; late Surgeon of the Royal Or-thopsedic Institution of Manchester, England, and Surgeon of the B. O. Institution.

Copy of a testimonial which appeared in the Daily merican Organ, May 21, 1855, from Judge V. Ellis,

American Organ, May 21, 1855, from Judge V. Ellis, (late editor:)

"Having suffered for many years past with weakness of the eyes, and that defect of vision which results from a too constant and intense use of these sensitive organs, we were led to make a trial of Tobias's new and improved discovery for the eyes, whose name heads this article. We saw them recommended by sundry gentlemen of Virginis, whom we know, and therefore had less hesitation in making the experiment. We are more than pleased with the article. We read with less fatigue with these lens than any we had ever tried before; and we see more distinctly with them. Without meaning to disparage the claims of others, who have made improvements in Spectacie Lens, we deem it but just to make the above statement. Mr. Tobias resides on Seventh street, opposite the National Intelligencer office."

Lynchsurg, November 7, 1854.

From an examination of Mr. Tobias's Glasses, and from his observations and remarks, am convinced that he is a skilful optician.

J. J. BLACKFORD, M. D.

NORFOLK, VA., July 27, 1854.

In the experience of even two years, I have found great difficulty in obtaining Spectacles that were exactly adapted to the weakness of my sight. This inconvenience Mr. Tobias seems to have removed for the present by the substitution for me of better and more suitable Glasses. They are clear, chrystal-like, and comfortable to my eyes. I would commend him and comfortable to my eyes. I would commend him to those who, from age or other infirmity, require artificial aid in this way. J. J. SIMKINS, M. D. Sin: The pair of Spectacles you furnished me yesterday are particularly satisfactory to me. They are very decidedly the best I possess, and I am the owner of eight or nine pairs, carefully selected in different places, and from opticians recommended to me on account of their professional standing in France, England, and the United States. I have been also pleased with your remarks and directions on the treatment of the eyes, for the purpose of preserving and improving the sight.

ring the sight.

Respectfully yours, CHS. CALDWELL,

Professor of M. C., Louisville, Ky WASHINGTON, August 8, 1855.

Having been for years under the necessity of hav ing two sets of glasses—one for use in the daylight and one for lamplight—I procured one set from Mr Tobias, which answered both purposes. I have used his for several months, and find them excellent.

EDWARD STURBS,

Of Department of State.

Perceasing, October 21, 1854.
About five years ago, I obtained from Mr. Tobias, is Washington, a pair of Glasses for the Spectacles which I used, and found them of great assistance to my decaying vision; and my opinion of him is, that he is skillul in the preparation of Glasses for eyes not too far gone to be benefited by such aid.

J. F. MAY.

See, for mere testimonial, the Evening Star.

SPRING STYLE OF GENTLEMENS'
Dress Hats for 1856.—I shall this day introduce Beebe, Leary, and Genin's fashionable New
York Dress Hats.

LANE'S
Fashionable Hat, Cap, and

mar 1-eolmif Genta' Furnishi

Pintform of the American Party, adopted at the session of the National Council, February 21st, 1856.

1st. An humble acknowledgment to the Supreme Being, for His protecting care vouchsafed to our fathers in their successful Revolutionary struggle, and hitherto manifested to us, their descendants, in the preservation of the liberties, the independence, and the union of these States.

2d. The perpetuation of the Federal Union, as the palladium of our civil and religious liberties, and the only sure bulwark of American Independence.

dence.

3d. Americans must rule America, and to this end, native-born citizens should be selected for all State, Federal, and municipal offices or government employment, in preference to all others: nevertheless,

state, receral, and municipal offices or government employment, in preference to all others: nevertheless,

4th. Persons born of American parents residing temporarily abroad, should be entitled to all the rights of native-born citizens; but

5th. No person should be selected for political station, (whether of native or foreign birth,) who recognises any allegiance or obligation of any description to any foreign prince, potentate or power, or who refuses to recognise the Federal and State constitutions (each within its sphere) as paramount to all other laws, as rules of political action.

6th. The unqualified recognition and maintenance of the reserved rights of the several States, and the cultivation of harmony and fraternal good will, between the citizens of the several States, and to this end, non-interference by Congress with questions appertaining solely to the individual States, and non-intervention by each State with the affairs of any other State.

7th. The recognition of the right of the nativeborn and naturalized citizens of the United States, permanently residing in any Territory thereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and to regulate their domestic and social affairs in their own mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution, with the privilege of admission into the Union whenever they have the requisite population for one Representative in Congress. Provided always, that none but those who are citizens of the United States, under the constitution and laws thereof, and who have a fixed residence in any such Territory, ought to participate in the formation of the constitution, or in the enactment of laws for said Territory or State.

8th. An enforcement of the principle that no State or Territory ought to admit others than citizens of the United States to the right of suffrage, or of holding political office.

9th. A change in the laws of naturalization,

or of holding political office.

9th. A change in the laws of naturalization, making a continued residence of twenty-one years, of all not hereinbefore provided for, an indispensable requisite for citizenship hereafter, and excluding all paupers, and persons convicted of crime, from landing upon our shores; but no interference with the vested rights of foreigners. 10th. Opposition to any union between Church

and State; no interference with religious faith, or worship, and no test oaths for office. 11th. Free and thorough investigation into any and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and

and all alleged abuses of public functionaries, and a strict economy in public expenditures.

12th. The maintenance and enforcement of all laws constitutionally enacted, until said laws shall be repealed, or shall be declared null and void by competent judicial authority.

13th. Opposition to the reckless and unwise policy of the present administration in the general management of our national affairs, and more especially as shown in removing "Americans" (by designation) and conservatives in principle, from office, and placing foreigners and ultraists in their places; as shown in a truckling subserviency to the stronger, and an insolent and cowardly bravado towards the weaker powers; as shown in reopening sectional agitation, by the repeal of the Missouri Compromise; as shown in granting to unnaturalized foreigners the right of suffrage in Kansas and Nebraska; as shown in its vacillating course on the Kansas and Nebraska question; as shown in the corruptions which pervade some of the de-

in the corruptions which pervade some of the departments of the government; as shown in disgracing meritorious naval officers through prejudice or caprice; and as shown in the blundering mismanagement of our foreign relations.

14th. Therefore, to remedy existing evils, and prevent the disastrous consequences otherwise resulting therefrom, we would build up the "American party" upon the principles hereinbefore stated.

15th. That each State Council shall have authority to amend their several constitutions. 15th. That each State Council shall have authority to amend their several constitutions, so as to abolish the several degrees, and institute a pledge of honor, instead of other obligations for fellowship and admission into the party.

16th. A free and open discussion of all political principles embraced in our platform.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A three-story
House on the corner of Penn. avenue and 17th
street. The first story would be rented esparate from
the other part of the building, and could be made a
good business stand. The second and third story has
three rooms in each story, and a good garret and
kitchen. Inquire within.

Also, for rent, a long room, 25 by 55 feet, in the
third story, and one room in the second story of the
house on Seventh street, two doors south of Odd Fellows' Hall. For terms, apply to Mr. HANSON, 20
story, or Mr. SEMS, 1st story.

Sep 29

ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.
This tract binds about three-quarters of
a mile on the railroad, and about midway between
Washington city and Baltimore. 300 acres are in
wood and timber, the balance in clearing, well fenced,
and a small cabin on the place.
This tract will be divided to suit purchasers. Terms

will be made easy. Any one desirous of purchasing will call upon the subscriber, No. 548 Pennsylvania avenue, between First and Second streets west, Washington city.

1. N. GILBERT, ie 27—cotf

Land Agent.

TIME, MONEY, AND TROUBLE SAVED.

THE undersigned would inform the inhabitants of Washington and its vicinity that he is prepared to execute orders at the shortest notice for marking clothing through a beautiful metallic plate with indelible ink.

Each subscriber will be furnished with a bottle of ink, brush, directions and a recipe for making their

Each subscriber will be furnished with a bottle of ink, brush, directions, and a recipe for making their own ink hereafter by two ingredients. Each one can make their ink as strong as they choose.

Price for a name of a person on brass, 50 cents, post office address 25 cents extra; on German silver, 75 cents a name, post office address 25 cents extra; on pure silver, \$1 per name, 50 cents extra for post office address or place of mativity.

All orders will receive prompt attention. Payment must be received with the orders.

Address, at the post office, WHEELER, je 29—4f Metallic Plate Engraver.

MAGNESS, at the post office, WHIRIDER, je 29—tf Metallic Plate Engraver.

STEAMER GEORGE PAGE In connexion with the Orange and Alexandria Rajiroad.

This commodious steamer will leave her slip, foot of Seventh street daily at 6 o'clock A. M., arriving in Alexandria in season for the trains of the Orange and Alexandria and Manassas Gap railroads for Gordonsville, Charlottesville, and Stamton, on the Manassas road for Winchester and Strasburg. Breakfast on board the boat. This boat is the only regular line between Washington and Alexandria.

JOHN VAN RISWICK. | Proprietors.

RICHARD WALLACH, | Proprietors.

A Frame House and Lot, situated on

A Frame House and Lot, situated on Eighth street, between K and L streets, lot fronting 25 feet on Eighth street, with a depth of 66 feet 8 inches. It is within a square of the Northern Liberties Market, in a good neighborbood, and in a rapidly-improving part of the city, and presents inducements to those wishing to build a family residence in a good location. For terms, &c., apply to ROBT. A. PAYNE, Druggist,

Corner 4th street and Massachusetts aver ac.

"THERE IS A BALM IN GILEAD!"

THAT long supposed balm to the afflicted is now about being introduced to the public, the proprietress having, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, consented so to do. MRS. THOMPSON'S

EXTRACT OF HERBS A sure and effective cure for

COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, ASTHMA, and HOOPING COUGH, Which has never failed to effect a cure in any of the

above diseases.
Look at the following:
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., August 3, 1858. WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., August 3, 1858.

DEAR MADAM: I feel it a duty I owe the public to make known the happy effect produced in me by the nac of your Extract of Herbs, having been an invalid for a number of years, from an affection of the lungs, pain in the side, severe cough, want of rest, loss of appetite, &c. Two bottles of your Extract of Herbs

With sentiments of gratitude and sincere regard,
I remain your obedient servant,
P. M. KENNA. Many other certificates could be given of its curative powers, but the proprietress does not deem increasary, as the medicine will speak for itself.

GOOD SAMARITAN SALVE, Which has produced the most wonderful cures Look at the following certificates out of hundreds in the possession of the proprietress:

BALTIMORE October 19, 1853. DEAR MRS. THOMPSON: For the last three years I have been afflicted with a very severe swelling of the glands of the neck. I have tried some of the most eminent physicians, but all to no purpose; but after using your Salve only a few weeks, have been entirely cured. I cheerfully recommend it to others.

JOHN SHEFFIELD.

I certify that I had a tumor underneath my right arm, from which I suffered intense pain. I showed it to the doctors, who said it could not be cured. I then showed it to Mrs. Thompson, who gave me some of her "Samaritan Salve." On its third application the tumor broke, and I was in a short time perfectly well. This tumor was four years coming to a head.

MARY CAMBELL.

SUPPORTERS AND BRACES, For weak and emaciated persons, the greatest invention of the past or present age. It would fill this journal to publish all the certificates in her possession. The following, however, is attached:

"To the Sick and Applicate.—For the good of the public, I feel myself bound to testify to the great cure your Body Brace has performed for me. I was afflicted for twenty years with a violent pain in my back. After using your Brace a few weeks, I recovered my strength and am now perfectly cured."

"JANE SMALLWOOD."

The above-named articles can be obtained of Mrs. T., at her rooms at the "Exchange Hotel," C street, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets.

Nine convenient Dwelling-Houses, with the percent less than cost.—As I believe the builders of this city, myself included, have agreed to build no more houses without some little remuneration for their own labor, and to show my sincerity in the case, I offer to sell, in order to get clear and wind up my business—

the case, I offer to sell, in order to get the up my business—
4 of those handsome and well-built three-storyand-attic Brick Houses; also, 3 Building Lots; also,
1 Cottage House, surrounded by shade trees—all
situated in square 452, leading from Sixth to Seventh
streets, on Massachusetts avenue.
Also, that handsome and convenient block of threestory Houses, four in number, on Sixth street, be-

story Houses, four in number, on Sixth street, between H and I streets. square 458.

With the exception of this ground, I believe, not with the exception of this ground, I believe, not

can be purchased in those squares for less than \$1 per foot.

The houses are all occupied by good and prompt touants, at an aggregate rent of \$2,400, and can easily be augmented to \$3,000 without any other improvements to the property, and I will sell separately or thousther.

To those wishing a safe investment here is a good sance. A liberal credit will be given on part of the probate moves.

Inquire of the subscriber on the premises.

B. PHILLIPS.

B. PHILLIPS.

HEALTH REGULATIONS. CITY HALL, March 17, 1856.

A T a meeting of the Hoard of Health, held on Saturday, 15th instant, the following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered to be published:

Resolved, That the Board of Health DERM and DECLARS the following to constitute nuisances:

Dead carcases, dead fish and offals of fish, heaps of cortex abelle.

oyster shells. Offals from butchers' stalls, slaughter-houses, or

Foul stables, foul cow-houses, cow-pens, foul privies

Decaying vegetables and fruits of every description, whether entire or those portions thereof not used as food which may be thrown out.

All ashes, rubbish, shavings, or refuse substances of any trade, occupation, or business.

Filth, stable manure, coapsuds, drainage from dyelonises and soap factories.

Horses going at large with glanders, farcy, or any other contagious disease.

other contagious disease.

Houses or buildings in a state of dilapidation or decay, endangering the lives or property of those in the vicinity.

A. McD. DAVIS,
Secretary Board of Health,
The attention of the public is particularly asked to the above "Declaration," and all good citizens are hereby called upon, by every consideration of comfort, interest, and public and private security, to aid in carrying out all the provisions of the sanitary laws of this city.

A. McD. DAVIS,

Commissioner of Health. IMPORTANT TO GENTLEMEN.

Great Inducements for you to Cail and See HE undersigned gives notice to his friends and the public that he has just received his stock of Fall and Winter Goods, comprising all the latest styles and colors of Cloth, Cassimere, and Yestings; which goods will be made up to order, in the most elegant manner, as he has some of the best workmen in the United States at work for him. Being agent for Scott, the reporter of fashions, you may rely upon getting the most fashionable clothing.

READY-MADE CLOTHING of his own make, such as Over Garments, frock, dress, and business Coats, Pants, and Vests, from medium All the above Goods will be sold at very low prices, for instance, a whole suit, Coat, Pants, and Vest, for the small sum of \$15.

the small sum of \$15.

Overcoats, beautiful style, from \$10 to \$20
Pants, do do do 5 to 10
Vests, do do do 2 50 to 10 He respectfully solicits a call from all in want of

FURNISHING GOODS. such as Shirts, Drawers, Collars, Stocks, Handker-chiefs, Scarfs, Umbrellas, &c.
P. W. BROWNING,
Under United States Hotel,
Between 3d and 4½ streets, Penn. avenue.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING. In all its varieties, neatly and promptly executed at the office of the American Organ, at reasonable rates. PERRY DAVIS'S

PAIN KILLER.

THIS unparalleled preparation is receiving more testimonials of its wonderful efficacy in removing pains, than any other medicine ever offered to the public.

And these testimonials came from persons of every degree of intelligence, and every rank of life. Physicians of the first respectability, and perfectly conversant with the nature of diseases and remedies, have recommended this as one of the most effectual in their line of preparations for the extinction of pain.

pain.

This certifies, that I have for several years used Mr. Davis's Vegetable Pain Killer in my family, in several of those cases for which it is recommended, and find it a very useful family medicine.

A. BRONSON,

Pastor of the Second Baptist Church, in Fall river.

This may certify that I have used Perry Davis's Vegetable Pain Killer with great success in cases of Cholera Infantum, Common Bowel Complaint, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, &c., and would cheerfully recommend it as a family medicine.

JAMES C. BOOMER,
Paster of the Baptist Church.

Paster of the Baptist Church.

This may certify, that I have used Perry Davis's Vegetable Pain Killer in numerous cases, and believe it to be a very valuable medicine. I have prescribed it extensively in Bowel Complaint, (particularly for children,) and it is, in my opinion, superior to any preparation I have ever used, for the relief of those diseases. When given to children, I have always combined it with the syrup of gum arabic, say ten drops to a tea-spoonful of the syrup, well mixed. Others have mixed it with milk and molasses, equal parts.

A HUNTING, M. D.

parts.

A. HUNTING, M. D.

Sin: I deem it a duty I owe to society, especially to the afflicted, to offer this testimonial in favor of that estimable medicine—"Perry Davis's Pain Killer."

that estimable medicine—"Perry Davis's Pain Killer."

When passing through Galena, some two weeks ago, I purchased at your agency, a 25 cent bottle. I was then suffering from a severely bruised hand. I applied it in the store, and was astounded at the almost instantaneous relief. Before I left the store, the inflammation was removed, and in less than an hour, the pain ceased. In two days my hand was well as ever. Finding it to be really a remedy, I determined to try its effects as a curative for the Piles, to which I had been a martyr for years. After five dressings, my piles were amongst the things that had been. I am now entirely free from them, and in as good health as ever I was in my life.

I have recommended the Pain Killer to others similarly afflicted, and always with good effect.

Several of the captains of the upper river boats carry with them a constant supply, and consider it one of the most valuable medicines ever discovered.

I am, dear sir, respectfully yours,

JOSEPH O. MARTIN.

For sale, wholesale, by druggists in all the princi-

For sale, wholesale, by druggists in all the principal cities, and at retail by apothecaries and storckeepers in every town in the United States and Canada and by GRAY & BALLANTYNE and JOHN T. MORTIMER, Washington, D. C. feb 15—8md

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS. CARD.—The Undersigned, JOHN C.
DEVEREUX, of New York City, and M.
THOMPSON, of Washington D. C., Attorneys and
Counsellors-at-Law, are associated for the legal proscoution of claims for creditors of Government in the

coution of claims for creditors of Government in the Court of Claims.

They will co-operate in immediate and careful attention to business matters at Washington, which may be intrusted to their care by gentlemen of the profession and claimants in the city of New York, or elsewhere in any part of the Union.

They may be consulted at any time, personally or by letter, either at New York or Washington. Par ticular information as to claims which have been at any time before Congress or Departments can be furnished at once, upon application by the parties interested.

JOHN C. DEVEREUX,
No. 99, Broadway, No. 99, Broadway,
Corner of Wall street, New York City
M. THOMPSON,
Wash agton City.

N. B. J. C. Devereux is a Commissioner of the Court of Claims. "PRO BONO PUBLICO."

("Plutes,") respectfully informs Members of Congress, citizens, and the public, that he is now prepared to execute, as usual, all business generally intrusted to an

Intrusted to an

Amanuenesis, Copyist, and General Scribe.

Office at the "Exchange Hotel," C street. Orders left either at J. Shillington's, "Odeon," corner of Pennsylvania arenue and Four-and-a-half street, or at 379, Pennsylvania avenue, will meet with prompt feb 12—tf

PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE PHILOSOPHICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

M. B. LA CROIX, M. D., ALBANY, NEW YORK, 250 pages and 130 Fine, Plain, and Colored Lith ographs and Plates. PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.

CHEAPEST BOOK EVER PUBLISHed and containing.

ed, and containing nearly double the quantity of reading matter in that of the Fifty Cent

double the quantity of reading matter in that of the Fifty Cent or Dollar Publications. It treats on the Physiology of Marriage, and the Secret Infirmities and Disorder of Youth and Maturity, resulting from excesses, which destroy the physical and mental powers, with observations on Marriage, its duties and disqualifications, and the r remedies, with lithegraphs illustrating the anatomy and Physiology and diseases of the reproductive organs of both sexes, their structure, uses, and functions. A popular and comprehensive Treatise on the Duties and Casualties of Single and Married Life; happy and fruitful alliances; mode of securing them; infelicitous and infertile ones; their obviation and removal; important hints to those contemplating matrimony, that will overcome objections to it; none, however, should take this important step without first consulting its pages; commentaries on the diseases and medical treatment of females from infancy to old age, each case graphically illustrated by beautiful lithographic plates; nervous debility, its causes and cure, by a process at once so simple, safe, and effectual, that failure is impossible; sales for daily management; an essay on spermatorrhoa, with practical observations on the safer and more successful mode of treatment, precautionary hints on the evils resulting from empirical practice; an essay on all diseases arising from indiscretion, with plain and simple rules by which all persons can cure themselves without mercury; remedies for those self-inflicted miseries and disappointed hopes so unfortunately prevalent in the young. It is a truthful adviser to the married by which all persons can cure themselves without mercury; remedies for those self-inflicted miscries and disappointed hopes so unfortunately prevalent in the young. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage. Its perusal is particularly recommended to persons entertaining secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness, and privileges to which every human being is entitled.

ritled.

Price TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per copy, or five copies for One Dollar. Mailed free of postage to all parts of the United States.

N. B. Those who prefer, may consult Dr. La Croix upon any of the diseases upon which this book treats, either personally or by mail.

Medicine sent to any part of the Union according to directions, safely packed, and carefully secured from all observation.

Address Dr. M. B. LA CROIX, No. 31, Maiden Lane, or post office box 579, Albany, New York.

To Office open daily, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., and on Sunday from 3 until 5 P. M.

Office removed from No. 55, Beaver street to Office removed from No. 56, Beaver street to 31, Maiden Lane, Albany, New York.

ian 15-ly WILLIAM H. FRAZIER, Carpenter and Builder. Jobbing promptly attended to. Shop corner of Fourth and G streets. Residence 272, Eighth street. DR. JOHNSTON,

BALTIMORE Lock Hospital, has discovered the most certain, speedy and effectuaremedy in the world for

Relief in six to twelve hours. No Mercury or Noxious Drugs.

A cure warranted, or no charge, in from

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Pains in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, Decay of the Physical Powers, Dyspepsia, Langor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Stomach, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin—those terrible disorders arising from the indiscretion or Solitary Habits of youth—those dreadful and destructive practices which produce constitutional debility, render marriage impossible, and destroy both body-and mind. Young Men,

Koung Men,

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary
Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit, which annually sweeps to an untimely grave, thousands of young
men, of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening
Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to
cestacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

Marriage. Married Persons, or young men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformities, &c., should immediately consul Dr. J., and be restored.

Organic Weakness.

He who places himself under the care of Dr., may religiously confide in his honor as a gentle on and confidently rely upon his skill as a phy-

sician.

OFFICE, No. 7 South Frederick street,
Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors
from the corner
Fail not to observe name and number.
Be particular, for Ignorant, Trifling Quacks, with
false names or Paltry Hunbug Certificates, attracted
by the reputation of Dr. Johnston, lurk near.

All letters must contain a Postage Stamp, to use on

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that ever were known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep; great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bushfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

Dr. J., addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgences and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, marriage, or society.

These are some of the sad and melanoholy effects produced by early habits of youths, viz:

Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

Mentally. The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, De-pression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c.,

Thousands of persons of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing heir vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a singular appearance about the eyes, cough, and symptoms of Consumption.

Young Men Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of country, the darling of his parents, should snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of by the consequences of deviating from the pat nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Spersons, must before contemplating Marriage,
reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection, that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

Dr. Johnson Levis and the control of t

Organic Weakness.

By this great and important remedy, Weakness of the Organs are speedily cured, and full vigor restored.

Thousands of the most

stored.

Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who had lost all hope, have been immediately relieved. All impediments to Marriago, Physical, or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Trembling, Weakness or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, speedily

To Strangers.

The many thousands of the most desperate cases cured at this institution within the last twelve years, and the numerous important Surgiasi Operations performed by Dr. Johnson, witnessed by the reporters of the papers, and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility is a sufficient guarantee to the affilicted.

Discuse of Imprudence.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful discase, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make t appearance, affecting the head, threat, toos, "skin, &c., progressing on with frightful rapidity, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings by sending him to "that bourne from whence no traveller returns." It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease owing to the unskilfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

The strangers.—The Dr.'s Diplomas hang in his office.

Mice. Remedies sent by mail.

No. 7 South Frederick street, Balti-

POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE. Of the State of Pennsylvania, West Penn Square, Philadelphia. ORGANIZED on the plan of the Industrial Colleges of Continental Europe, and the only College in the Union in which gentlemen graduate

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DR. WILLIAM LANPHIER, Dentist,
No. 40, Washington street, Alexandria, Virginia, (twenty-five years experience in his profession.)
will at end in Washington on Mondays and Tuesdays.
Notice left at Berry's & Co., J. E. Bates's, F. S.
Walsh's Drug Store, Navy Yard, and Clark's Drug
Store, on the Island, will meet with prompt attention!

We publish from the Washington Star of the 16th, at the request of Mr. John D. Hamnack, the following letter and accompanying affidavits, to wit:

To the Editor of the Star :

I ask at your hands, as a simple act of justice, the publication of the following statements: I appeared before Cap'ain Birch on yesterday, at the hour fixed by him, to have a final disposal of the charge preferred against me of aiding the excape of W. Nailor. Four witnesses were examined for the prosecution. Their testimony, however, did not, in the least, implicate me; none of them saw me in the company of Nailor after his discharge from the watch-house; the case was, therefore, dismissed, the Justice remarking that the warrant was originally issued on rumor merely. In reply to an article appearing in your paper, I state that no question as to my property or liability was asked me either before or after I went security for Nailor, nor have I ever testified on that subject. And to meet the charge that I knew Nailor was sober when I testified he was drunk, I append to this statement numerous affidavits of witnesses, some of whom saw him near 12 o'clock on the night of the burglary, and they all testify as to the night of the burglary, and they all testify as to his inebriate condition. It has been charged, also, that I was a volunteer witness in the case of Nai-lor. My answer simply is, that I was summoned lor. My answer simply is, that I was summoned to the watch-house by an officer to testify as to who was last seen, on the night of the burglary, in the company of Nailor, and I gave the information on that point. I might say much more on this subject, but I prefer to give to the public this simple narrative of the facts of my case.

JOHN D. HAMMACK.

WASHINGTON, April 16, 1856.

Affidavit of George McCauley. Afidavit of George McCautey.

District of Columbia, County of Washington, to wit:—Personally appeared before me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, George McCauley, of said county, who made oath on the Holy Evangely of Almighty God that, on Thursday, the 10th instant, about five or six o'clock, P. M., he saw Washington Nailor; and that the said Nailor was, at that time, under the influence of lignor. influence of liquor.

Given under my hand and seal this 14th day of April 1856.

D. SMITH, J. P. [L. S.]

Affidavit of John M. Stewart.

District of Columbia, County of Washington, to wit:—Personally appeared before me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, John M. Stewart, of said county, who made oath on the Holy Evangely of Almighty God that, on Thursday, the 10th instant, about twelve o'clock, P. M., and several times previous, (between that hour and five P. M.) he saw Washington Nailor and that the paid Nailor and daries. ton Nailor, and that the said Nailor was, during the whole of that time, under the influence of liquor, and at twelve o'clock, P. M., very drunk; so drunk that he did not consider him capable of taking care of himself.

Given under my hand and seal this 14th day of April, 1856. D. SMITH, J. P. [L. S.] Affidavit of Samuel W. Owen. District of Columbia, County of Washington, to-wit: Personally appeared before me, the subscri-ber, a Justice of the Peace in and for the county a foresaid, Samuel W. Owen, of said county, who made oath on the Holy Evangely of Almighty God that on Thursday, the 10th instant, about 6 1-2 o'clock, P. M., he saw Washington Nailor; and

o'clock, P. M., he saw washington Nahot, and that the said Nailor was then intoxicated.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of April, 1856.

D. SMITH, J. P. [L. S.] Affidavit of John W. Usher. District of Columbia, county of Washington, to-wit:—Personally appeared before me, the subsection, a Justice of the Peace in and for the county afbresaid, John W. Usher, of the said county, who made oath on the Holy Evangely of Almighty God that on Thursday, the 10th instant, about 11 1-2 o'clock, P. M., he saw Washington Naffor; and that the said Nailor was then very drunk.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of

April, 1856. D. SMITH, J. P. [L. s.]

Affidavit of O. E. P. Hazzard. Affidavit of O. E. P. Hazzard.

District of Columbia, county of Washington, to wit: Personally appeared before me, the subscriber, a justice of the peace in and for the county aforesaid, O. E. P. Hazzard, of the said county, who made oath on the Holy Evangely of Almighty God, that, on Thursday, the 10th instant, at intervals between the hours of 5 and 9 1-2 o'clock, P. M., he saw Washington Nailor; and that the said Nailor was, at the last named hour very drunk, more so than he had ever seen him; too much so more so than he had ever seen him; too much so to be capable of taking care of himself.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14th day of April, 1856.

D. SMITH, J. P. [L. s.]

The Water Works-An Explanation. The misapprehension which seemed to exist in regard to the proposed supply of water for the city from the Aqueduct, has elicited the subjoined explanation from Captain Meigs, the able and accomplished engineer in charge of the work. EXPLANATION BY CAPTAIN MEIGS.

The failure to grant some appropriation for the Aqueduct in the deficiency bill, will cause the stoppage of the work, great loss to the United States by forced sales of stock and property, and to the contractors who are now at work, loss almost ruinous.

If their work is done during the healthy season of spring, they will make money; if during the un-healthy fall, they will lose. The cost of the work

the United States; the cost to the contractors will be very much increased. Many members seem to be under the impre that there have been no estimates presented.

By referring to Senate Ex. Doc. 48, 22d Congress,
2d session, full estimates presented to Congress
before the work was begun will be found.

done under their contracts will remain the same to

The same estimates are presented again in Doc. 82, the answers to Mr. Pringle's resolutions of this session, with tables showing the variation of estimates lately made, with the advantage of over two years' experience in carrying on the work.

The new estimate falls slightly below the origi-

There is a misapprehension as to the supply of water to the city also. In the documents above quoted it will be found that only the main trunks to the Capitol, Navy Yard, and public buildings are to be laid by the United States, and that the tapping of these by branches to go through the streets and supply the other parts of the city is left to be arranged as Congress may direct.

The city will lay the distributing pipes, the privilege being given to them by Congress, or sold to them, if Congress prefers, for a sum sufficient to keep the whole work in repair.

A water rent to be charged by the city upon every house using the water will defray all expenses, and, if the United States prefers, give also a revenue.

If the \$300,000 amendment of the Senate to the deficiency bill is granted, it will hasten the completion of the work one year; if lost, a year is lost. There is a misapprehension as to the supply of

pletion of the work one year; if lost, a year is lost. If this be granted, the terms and conditions of further appropriations can be arranged in a special bill to be brought in by the District Committee, which should provide for the entire completion of the work within the estimate.

M. C. MEIGS.